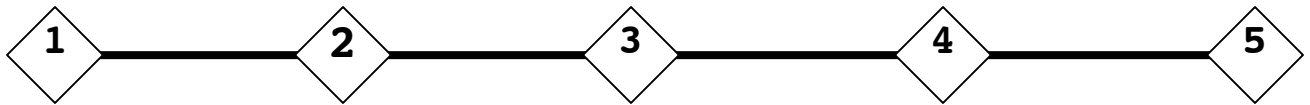


Standards for NCAA Umpire Evaluations

Plate Work

Stability of Head and Body Position

- Establishes "Locked In" position on every pitch
- Does not drift side to side or up and down with pitch.
- Does not flinch on swings or foul tips; Feet remain stable throughout, providing solid base;
- Maintains proper spacing from catcher so as not to become entangled if catcher moves quickly and unexpectedly;
- Eyes remain at horizontal with ground and do not dip as game wears on; Head at proper height to allow unobstructed view of entire plate.
- Works in the "slot", not over the top of the catcher or to the outside.
- Does not set in an unusually high or deep position that would draw attention or questioning of judgment.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

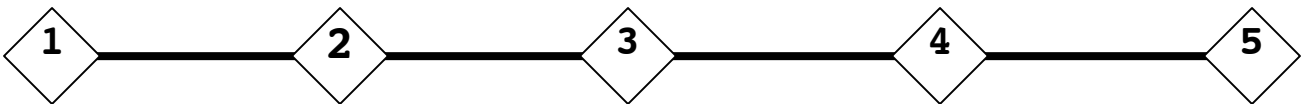
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Timing

- Does not anticipate pitch.
- Allows everything that can happen, to happen, before making DECISION, then makes a call.
- Does not make a call as the ball is approaching the plate or crossing but, after the catcher has caught the ball.
- Stays down in position to call balls.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

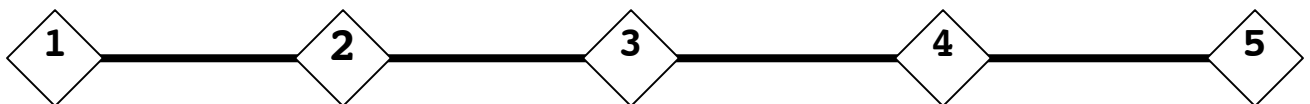
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Proper Positioning for Plays

- Attains the appropriate angle and distance for plays.
- Not too close nor too far from the play
- Works to get angle over distance when appropriate
- Adjusts position for poor throws or unusual play



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

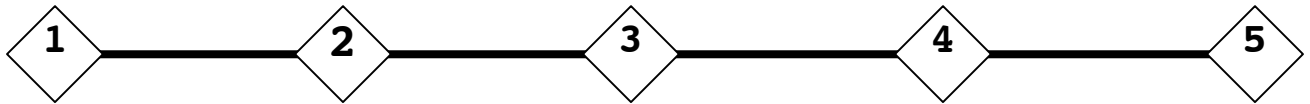
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Style / Mechanics of call

- Gives clear authoritative signals;
- Possesses smooth, relaxed styles that projects confidence;
- Coordinates voice and signals to give a professional appearance. Voice is loud enough to be heard but does not draw undue attention.
- Does not showboat or change the mechanics of his call during the course of a game



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

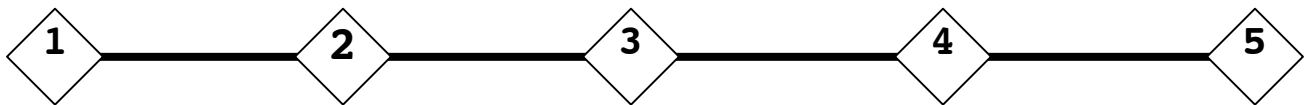
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Judgment and consistency of strike zone throughout the game

- Maintains the same zone throughout the game.
- Is the same for both teams from inning 1 to inning 9.
- Has a grasp of how the zone can be adjusted in lopsided game. Note: Umpires "miss" pitches occasionally; just because an umpire calls a pitch that bounces a strike once does not mean that he should continue to call that pitch a strike in the name of consistency.
- Does not intentionally make incorrect calls in an attempt to show authority.



Zone appears to change dramatically during the course of the game

Zone appears to change occasionally during the course of the game. Misses 7-8 pitches.

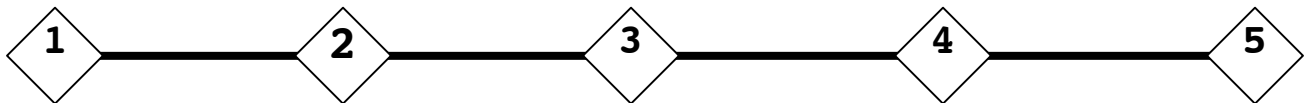
Does all acceptably for this level of umpiring Misses 4-6 pitches

Does all acceptably for this level of umpiring Misses 2-3 pitches

Misses less than 2 pitches

Interpretation of NCAA strike zone

- Interprets and calls the zone to its written limits.
- Does not call "unhittable" pitch strikes nor does he have a zone that is too small.
- Makes concerted effort to call pitches above the belt as strikes.



Consistently calls pitches off the plate as strikes and or refuses to call strikes above belt

Occasionally calls pitches off the plate as strikes and/or occasionally fails to call strikes above the belt

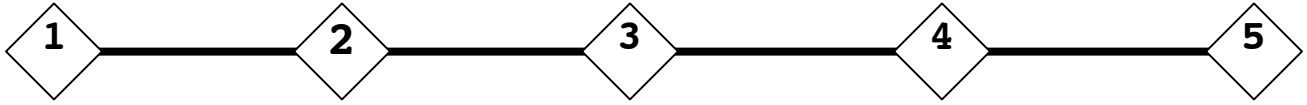
Acceptable interpretation of zone

Rarely calls pitches off the plate as strikes and/or occasionally fails to call strikes above the belt

Calls the zone exactly as written

Crew Mechanics

- Follows NCAA / CCA umpire mechanics
- Has a good knowledge of proper mechanics and rotations
- Rotates to first or third base as needed



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

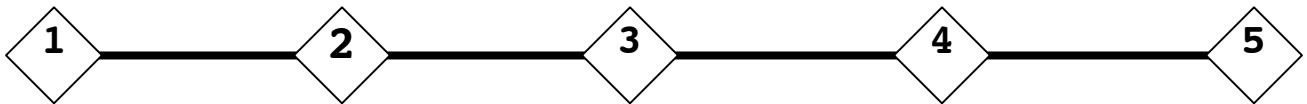
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Misses less than 2 pitches

Crew Communications

- Uses proper verbal and non-verbal communications.
- Makes Good eye contact with partners between hitters and during developing plays.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

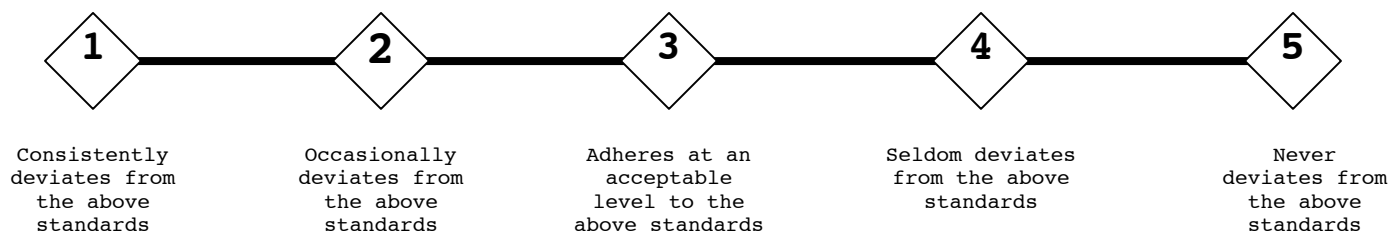
Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Base Work

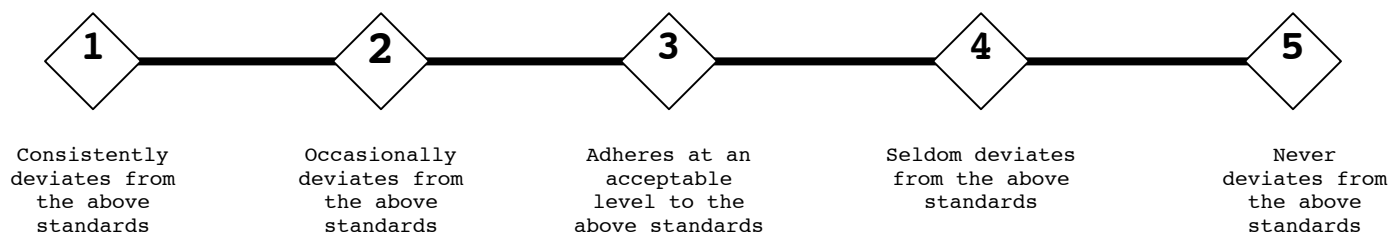
Proper Positioning for Plays

- Attains the appropriate angle and distance for plays.
- Not too close nor too far from the play
- Works to get angle over distance when appropriate
- Adjusts position for poor throws or unusual play



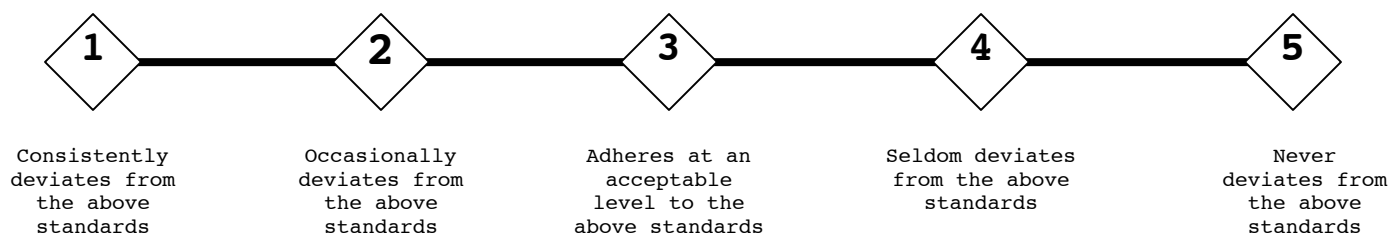
Style / Mechanics of call

- Gives clear authoritative signals; Possesses smooth, relaxed styles that projects confidence;
- Coordinates voice and signals to give a professional appearance.
- Does not showboat or change the mechanics of his call during the course of a game.
- Uses a voice that is loud enough to be heard but does not draw undue attention.



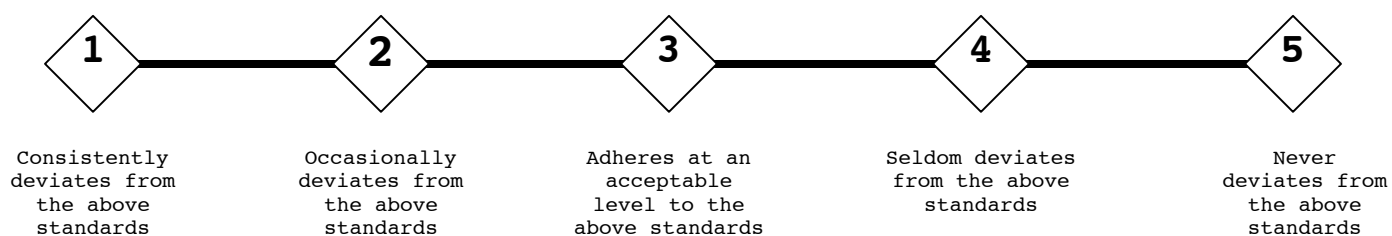
Timing

- Does not anticipate the play;
- Allows everything that can happen, to happen, before making DECISION, not call.



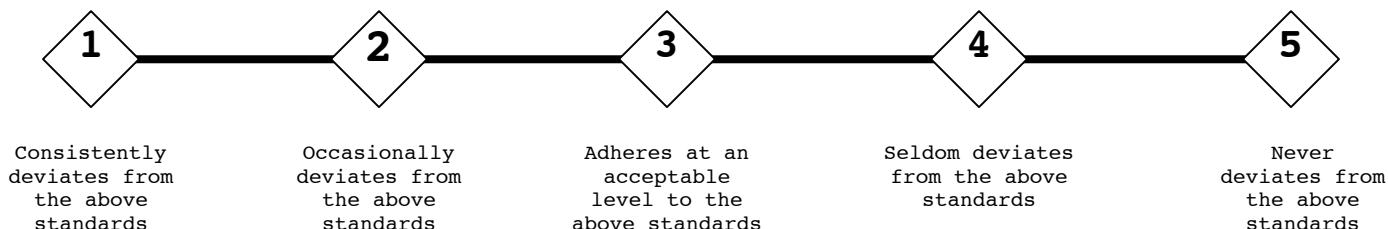
Judgment of calls

- Is correct the vast majority of calls. Just plain gets the call right.



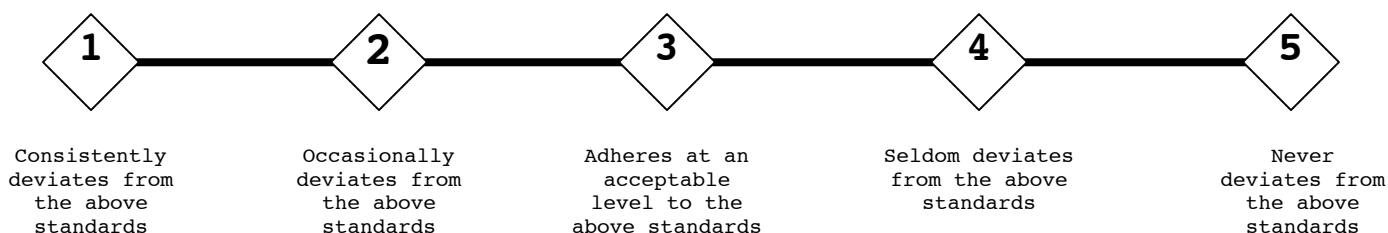
NCAA Mechanics

- Has a good knowledge of proper mechanics and rotates in the proper situations and is alert enough to adjust if one of his partners misses coverage.
- Reads partners and fly balls well on outfield coverage and goes out as needed.



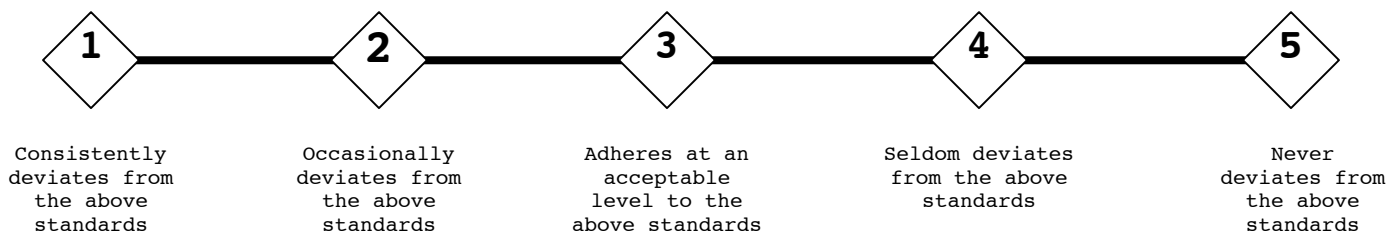
Crew Communications

- Uses proper verbal and non-verbal communications.
- Establishes eye contact with partners between hitters and during developing plays.



Reactions to developing plays

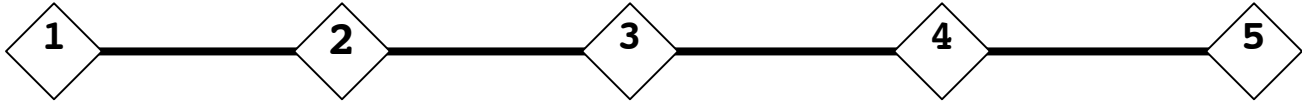
- Exhibits knowledge and perception of how play will develop through correctly anticipating where, how, and the speed at which the play will occur.



Effort & Professionalism

Focus

- Concentrates consistently on the crucial elements throughout the entire game.
- Is prepared for every pitch and play, developing plays and situations.
- Is aware of all that is going on within a game including dugout situations and inter-team developments.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

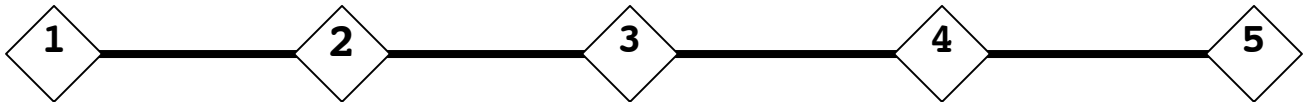
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Hustle

- Moves with purpose during a play to get into **proper position** to cover plays. The distance to be covered by the umpire will often dictate the speed or method the umpire uses to get into position (i.e., running vs. jogging). Walking on the field is not an acceptable technique unless the distance is so short that running is not practical (for example, moving into position for a force play or steal play, or going out on a short fly ball or line drive, etc.).
- Does not over hustle or draw attention to themselves in this area.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

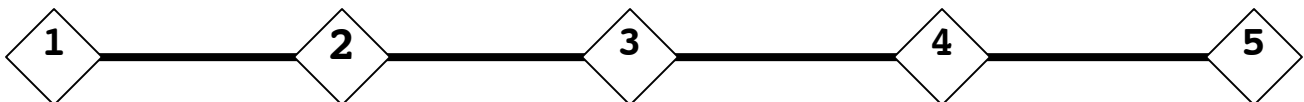
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

Demeanor

- Displays a conscientious and earnest desire to carry out on-field duties.
- Exhibits posture that reflects interest in the game. It is taken for granted that during certain times in the game (between innings, pitching change, etc.) an umpire's posture can be more relaxed, but not to the extent that a complete disinterest in the game is exhibited.



Consistently deviates from the above standards

Occasionally deviates from the above standards

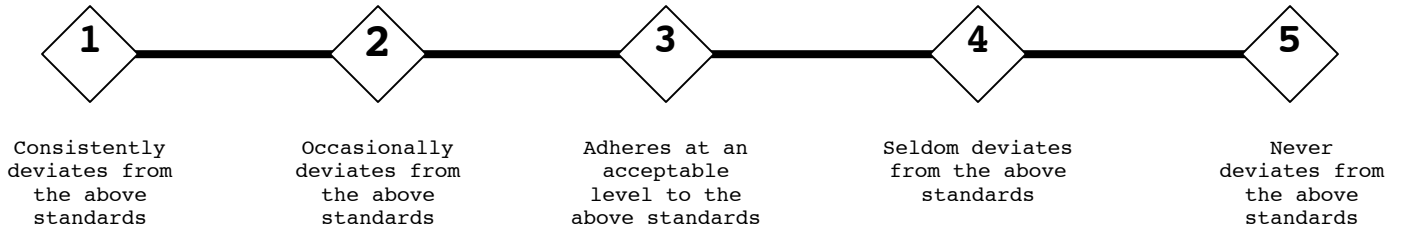
Adheres at an acceptable level to the above standards

Seldom deviates from the above standards

Never deviates from the above standards

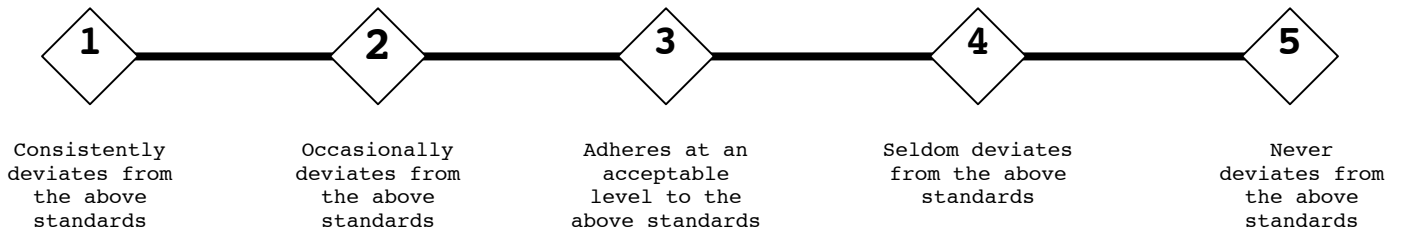
Appearance

- Proper display of uniform and fit or athletic appearance within the uniform.



Mobility

- Possesses physical ability to move into proper position on field.
- Runs athletically and is able to keep pace with the athletes.



Fraternization

- Avoids excessive, casual, and/or unnecessary conversation with uniformed personnel or spectators during the game.

